## Multiplication Strategies

## Build an Array with Base Ten Pieces $26 \times 6$ <br>  <br> $$
60+60+36=156
$$

Build an Array with Grid Paper

$60+60+36=156$
Area Model

$10+10+6$

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10 | $(10 \times 10=100)$ | $(10 \times 10=100)$ |
| 4 |  |  |
| 4 | $(10 \times 6=60)$ |  |
|  |  |  |

$100+100+60+40+40+24=$
364

Partial Products
$42 \times 53=$ ? 42
x 53

$$
\begin{array}{r}
50 \times 40=2000 \\
50 \times 2=100 \\
3 \times 40=120 \\
3 \times 2=6 \\
\\
2226
\end{array}
$$

## Doubling \& Halving

Multiply one number by 2. Divide the other number by 2. Keep going until you reach friendlier numbers.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \div 2\binom{8 \times 25}{4 \times 50} \times 2 \\
& \div 2\binom{2}{2 \times 100} \\
& 2 \times 100=200
\end{aligned}
$$

## Division Strategies

## Repeated Subtraction

Think of the divisor as groups and remove the groups from the whole until there are zero.

$$
30 \div 5
$$

$$
\frac{30-5-5-5-5-5-5}{5 \text { is subtracted } 6 \text { times }}=0
$$



## Partial Quotients

Work your way toward the quotient by using friendly multipliers such ds tens, fives, and twos.
$6 \longdiv { }$

| 962 <br> $\frac{600}{362}$ <br> $\frac{120}{242}$ <br> $\frac{240}{2}$ <br> $\times 100$ <br> $\times 20$ <br> $\times \frac{40}{160 ~ R ~} 2$ |
| ---: |

## Multiplying Up

Start with the divisor and then multiply up to the dividend using facts you already know.

$$
\begin{gathered}
384 \div 16 \\
10 \times 16=160 \\
10 \times 16=160 \\
2 \times 16=32 \\
2 \times 16=32 \\
10+10+2+2=24
\end{gathered}
$$

## Proportional Redsoning

Divide both numbers by the same amount to create an easier problem.


## Addition Strategies

## Decomposing Strategy

## $345+623=$ ?

$345=300+40+5$
$623=600+20+3$

$$
900+60+8=968
$$

## Branching Strategy



## Friendly Numbers

Adjust the numbers so they are edsier to add.


Don't forget to re-adjust for the 2 you added!

$$
236-2=234
$$

## Partial Sums Strategy

$64+27=$ ?


## Compensation

Take a specific amount away from one number and add that exact amount to the other to make friendlier numbers.


## Subtraction Strategies

## Decomposing Strategy


$647=600+40+7$
$234=-200+30+4$

$$
400+10+3=413
$$

## Removal/Counting Back

Start with the whole (the minuend), and then remove parts in easy-to-use chunks to get to the number being subtracted (the subtrahend).

$123-10-10-10-10-10-3-6=64$
59

## Adjust One Number

Adjust one number to make the problem edsier to subtract.


## Zero Zapper <br> $$
300 \square 138=?
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
300-1=299 \\
-138-7=-137
\end{array}
$$

162

## Keeping a Constant Difference

Add or subtract the same amount from both numbers to make the problem friendlier. This keeps the difference constant and does not change the answer.


