

## Everyday French

### How to incorporate French into your routines

With all of the demands on our time, it can be difficult to do “enough” Core French. One easy way to increase students’ time using French is to incorporate it into daily routines.

#### Asking to leave the classroom in French

Students have to use certain phrases every day, such as “can I go to the washroom” and “can I fill up my water bottle”. Ask students to ask these questions in French!

#### Est-ce que je peux (Can I...)

<p>... aller aux toilettes?</p> 	<p>... boire de l'eau?</p> <p>... remplir ma bouteille d'eau?</p> 
<p>... aller au bureau ?</p> <p>... aller au gymnase?</p> 	<p>... avoir un nouveau crayon?</p> <p>... avoir une autre feuille de papier ?</p> 

#### Say the date in French

Once students have learned their numbers, days and months, you can start each day by saying the date in French.

Aujourd'hui est lundi, le 2 septembre  
 (day of the week), le (day of the month) (month).

Months (les mois): Janvier, Février, Mars, Avril, Mai, Juin, Juillet, Août, Septembre, Octobre, Novembre, Décembre

Days (les jours): Dimanche, Lundi, Mardi, Mercredi, Jeudi, Vendredi, Samedi

Here's a link to a video with pronunciations of all these words:

<https://learn71.ca/wp-content/uploads/2022/06/Core-French-Vocab-Aloud-5.2.mp4>

## Label Items in Class with French Names

Keen students will start to pick up on those words.

La porte = the door

Le tableau = the board

La lumière = the light

La fenêtre = the window

Le pupitre = the desk

La chaise = the chair

## Use French words in the daily schedule

Many subject words look similar, so you could add French without creating too much confusion!

Les mathématiques = math

La lecture = reading

La récré = recess

Les sciences = science

L'éducation physique = PE

Le dîner = lunch

La musique = music

Les sciences sociales = social studies